



Department for
Business, Energy
& Industrial Strategy

Grant Funding Schemes

Small Business Grant Fund and Retail, Hospitality and
Leisure Grant Fund Guidance

Version 3



© Crown copyright, 2020

Copyright in the typographical arrangement rests with the Crown.

You may re-use this information (not including logos) free of charge in any format or medium, under the terms of the Open Government Licence. To view this licence visit <http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/version/3/>

This document/publication is also available on our website at <https://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/department-for-business-energy-and-industrial-strategy>

If you have any enquiries regarding this document/publication, complete the form at <https://www.gov.uk/contact-business-brex-it-helpline> or write to us at: enquiries@beis.gov.uk

Department of Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy
1 Victoria Street
London
SW1H 0ET

Telephone: 020 7215 5000

Contents

About this guidance	1
Introduction.....	1
How will the grants be provided?.....	1
How much funding will be provided to businesses?	2
Who will benefit from these schemes?	2
Who will receive this funding?	3
Managing the risk of fraud	4
Rating List Changes.....	4
Rating List Changes Exceptions	4
Post Event Assurance	5
Monitoring and Reporting Requirements.....	5
State Aid	5
Annex A - Summary of Scheme Requirements.....	6
Annex B – Spotlight	9
Annex C – Post-Payment Reporting	11
Annex D – State Aid: Sample Paragraphs that could be included in letters to grant recipients	13
Annex E: Data for post-payment Requirements.....	16

About this guidance

1. This guidance is intended to support Local Authorities in administering the business grant schemes announced at Budget on 11 March 2020, and the level of funding was increased in a statement from the Chancellor on 17 March. This guidance applies to England only.
2. This guidance sets out the criteria which central government considers for this purpose to be eligible for the Small Business Grant Fund and the Retail, Hospitality and Leisure Grant Fund. This does not replace existing guidance.
3. Local Authority enquiries on this measure should be addressed to businessgrantfunds@beis.gov.uk. Businesses seeking information should refer to the Government's business support website: <https://www.businesssupport.gov.uk/>

Introduction

4. In response to the Coronavirus, Covid – 19, the Government announced there would be support for small businesses, and businesses in the retail, hospitality and leisure sectors.
5. This support will take the form of two grant funding schemes, the Small Business Grant Fund and the Retail, Hospitality and Leisure Grant Fund.
6. This document provides guidance to authorities about the operation and delivery of the policy.

How will the grants be provided?

7. The Government will, in line with the eligibility criteria set out in this guidance, reimburse Local Authorities that pay grants to eligible businesses. Central government will fully reimburse Local Authorities, in line with the following guidance and the grant offer letter sent to LAs, for the cost of the grant (using a grant under section 31 of the Local Government Act 2003). Local Authorities will be responsible for delivering the funding to eligible businesses.
8. We are committed to meeting the delivery costs to Local Authorities for this scheme, and will meet associated New Burdens costs. A New Burdens Assessment will be completed and funding then provided to authorities.
9. Local Authorities that will be responsible for making payments to businesses and which will receive funding from Government are business rate billing authorities in England.
10. This grant scheme will offer a lifeline to businesses who are struggling to survive due to the corona virus shutdown. Local Authorities should make payments as quickly as possible to support struggling businesses.

How much funding will be provided to businesses?

11. Under the Small Business Grant Fund (SBGF) all businesses in England in receipt of either Small Business Rates Relief (SBRR) or Rural Rates Relief (RRR) in the business rates system will be eligible for a payment of £10,000 in line with the eligibility criteria as set out in paragraphs 15-22.
12. Under the Retail, Hospitality and Leisure Grant (RHLG), businesses in England that would have been in receipt of the Expanded Retail Discount (which covers retail, hospitality and leisure) on 11 March with a rateable value of less than £51,000 will be eligible for the following cash grants per property.
13. Eligible businesses in these sectors with a property that has a rateable value of up to and including £15,000 will receive a grant of £10,000, in line with the eligibility criteria as set out in paragraphs 23-30.
14. Eligible businesses in these sectors with a property that has a rateable value of over £15,000 and less than £51,000 will receive a grant of £25,000, in line with the eligibility criteria as set out in paragraphs 23-30.
15. Businesses with a rateable value of £51,000 or over are not eligible for this scheme. Businesses which are not ratepayers in the business rates system are not included in this scheme.

Who will benefit from these schemes?

Small Business Grant Fund

16. Hereditaments included in this scheme are those which on the 11 March 2020 were eligible for relief under the business rate Small Business Rate Relief Scheme (including those with a Rateable Value between £12,000 and £15,000 which receive tapered relief).
17. These are hereditaments to which:
 - a. Section 43 (4B)(a) of the Local Government Finance Act 1988 (small business rate relief) applied, and
 - b. The value of E (as defined in article 3 of the Non-Domestic Rating (Reliefs, thresholds and Amendment) (England) Order 2017, SI 2017/102) was greater than 1.
18. Hereditaments that were not eligible for percentage SBRR relief (including those eligible for the Small Business Rate Multiplier) are excluded.
19. Hereditaments which on 11 March 2020 were eligible for relief under the rural rate relief scheme are also eligible for this scheme. These are hereditaments to which Section 43 (6B) of the Local Government Finance Act 1988 (rural rate relief) applied.

20. Eligible recipients will receive one grant per hereditament.

Exclusions to Small Business Grant Fund

21. Hereditaments occupied for personal uses. Examples of where there may be personal use include private stables and loose boxes, beach huts and moorings.

22. Car parks and parking spaces.

23. For the avoidance of doubt, businesses which as of the 11 March were in liquidation or were dissolved will not be eligible.

Retail, Hospitality and Leisure Grant

24. Hereditaments which on the 11 March 2020 had a rateable value of less than £51,000 and would have been eligible for a discount under the business rates Expanded Retail Discount Scheme had that scheme been in force for that date are eligible for the grant. Charities which would otherwise meet this criteria but whose bill for 11 March had been reduced to nil by a local discretionary award should still be considered to be eligible for the RHL grant.

25. Eligible recipients will receive one grant per hereditament.

Exclusions to RHLG

26. Recipients eligible for the Small Business Grant Fund will not be eligible for the Retail, Hospitality and Leisure Grant.

27. Hereditaments occupied for personal uses. Examples of where there may be personal use include private stables and loose boxes, beach huts and moorings.

28. Car parks and parking spaces.

29. For the avoidance of doubt, businesses which as of the 11 March were in liquidation or were dissolved will not be eligible.

30. Hereditaments with a rateable value of £51,000 or over.

31. Only one grant may be awarded per hereditament.

Who will receive this funding?

32. The person who according to the billing authority's records was the ratepayer in respect of the hereditament on the 11 March 2020.

33. Where the Local Authority has reason to believe that the information that they hold about the ratepayer on the 11 March 2020 is inaccurate they may withhold or recover the grant and take reasonable steps to identify the correct

ratepayer. Local Authorities should make clear to recipients that the grant is for the ratepayer and may be liable for recovery if the recipient was not the ratepayer on the eligible day.

34. The Local Authority must either call or write to the business, stating that by accepting the grant payment, the business confirms that they are eligible for the grant schemes. This includes where Local Authorities already have bank details for businesses, and are in a position to send out funding immediately, or where the Local Authority is sending a cheque to a business.

Managing the risk of fraud

35. The Government will not accept deliberate manipulation and fraud - and any business caught falsifying their records to gain additional grant money will face prosecution and any funding issued will be subject to claw back, as may any grants paid in error
36. The Government Grants Management Function and Counter Fraud Function will make their digital assurance tool, Spotlight, available to Local Authorities, and will offer support in using the tool and interpreting results. Alongside other checks conducted by local authorities, the tool can help with pre-payment and post payment assurance. We also want local authorities to work with us and each other in identifying and sharing good practice, including protecting eligible businesses which may be targeted by fraudsters pretending to be central or local government or acting on their behalf.

Rating List Changes

37. Any changes to the rating list (rateable value or to the hereditament) after the 11 March 2020 including changes which have been backdated to this date should be ignored for the purposes of eligibility.
38. Local Authorities are not required to adjust, pay or recover grants where the rating list is subsequently amended retrospectively to the 11 March 2020.

Rating List Changes Exceptions

39. In cases where it was factually clear to the Local Authority on the 11 March 2020 that the rating list was inaccurate on that date, Local Authorities may withhold the grant and/or award the grant based on their view of who would have been entitled to the grant had the list been accurate.
40. This is entirely at the discretion of the Local Authority and only intended to prevent manifest errors.
41. Where the Local Authority chooses to use this discretion then landlords and managing agents are urged to support the Local Authority in identifying quickly the correct ratepayers.

Post Event Assurance

42. Post payment, the Government Grants Management Function and Counter Fraud Function will support local authorities to carry out post-event assurance work to identify high risk payments.

Monitoring and Reporting Requirements

43. There will not be a mandatory application process for this scheme. However, Local Authorities must retain necessary data provided and BEIS will undertake regular data collection exercises. Further guidance will be forthcoming to support this process. The data will include:
- a) numbers of businesses eligible per scheme,
 - b) number of payments being processed per scheme, and
 - c) number of actual payments per scheme.
44. Information listed at Annex E is the kind of information that you may wish to record to help undertake post payment assurances. There is no requirement to capture all of this information. Local Authorities remain responsible for carrying out assurance to ensure payments are made correctly.
45. Annex C contains information on Post Payment Monitoring requirements.

State Aid

46. The United Kingdom left the EU on 31 January 2020, nonetheless under the Withdrawal Agreement the State aid rules continue to apply during a transition period, subject to regulation by the EU Commission. The Council must be satisfied that all State aid requirements have been fully met and complied with when making grant payments, including, where required, compliance with all relevant conditions of the EU State aid De-Minimis Regulation, the EU Commission Temporary Framework for State aid measures to support the economy in the current COVID-19 outbreak, the UK notified and approved Scheme under that Temporary Framework, and any relevant reporting requirements to the EU Commission. Payments made under SBGF can be provided under the existing de minimis rules. Subject to UK notification of a scheme under the Covid-19 Temporary Framework and Commission approval, we expect payments made under the RHLGF (or SBGF where the De Minimis threshold has been reached) to be paid under the UK Temporary Framework Scheme. Further guidance on the Temporary Framework will be issued following approval.
47. Annex D of this guidance contains a sample De Minimis declaration which local authorities may wish to use, to discharge this responsibility. Where Local Authorities have further questions about De Minimis or other aspects of State Aid law, they should seek advice from their legal department in the first

instance. The Temporary Framework guidance will include a model declaration.

Annex A - Summary of Scheme Requirements

	SCHEME 1 (BUSINESS SUPPORT GRANTS FUND)	SCHEME 2 (RETAIL, HOSPITALITY AND LEISURE BUSINESS GRANTS FUND)	
		2A (RATEABLE VALUE up to and including £15,000)	2B (RATEABLE VALUE £15,000.01 – 50,999)
PER BUSINESS GRANT	£10,000	£10,000	£25,000
FUNDING GEOGRAPHY	ENGLAND ONLY BUSINESS RATE BILLING AUTHORITIES		
STATE AIDS	State aid applies SBGF can be paid as De Minimis aid €200,000 limit over 3 years (or under the Temporary Framework where De Minimis threshold met).RHLGF can be paid under the UK Covid 19 Temporary Framework Approved Scheme €800,000 limit		
PAYMENTS TO LOCAL AUTHORITIES	FUNDING TO LOCAL AUTHORITIES BY S.31 GRANT ON OR AROUND 1 ST APRIL 2020 GRANTS TO BE DETERMINED IN PROPORTION TO NUMBER OF ELIGIBLE HEREDITAMENTS		
ELIGIBILITY DATE OF SCHEME	11 March 2020		
ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA	<p>Hereditaments which on the eligible date were eligible for relief under the business rate Small Business Rate Relief Scheme (including those in the £12k - £15k rateable value taper).</p> <p>These are hereditaments to which:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Section 43 (4B)(a) of the Local government Finance Act 1988 (small business rate relief) applied, and The value of E (as defined in article 3 of the Non-Domestic Rating (Reliefs, thresholds and</p>	<p>Hereditaments which on the scheme eligibility date had a rateable value of less than £51,000 and would have been eligible for a discount under the Expanded Retail Discount scheme had that scheme been in force for that date.</p>	

	<p>Amendment) (England) Order 2017, SI 2017 No 2) was greater than 1.</p> <p>This does not include hereditaments that were not eligible for percentage SBRR relief but were eligible for the Small Business rate Multiplier.</p> <p>Hereditaments which on the scheme eligibility date were eligible for relief under the rural rate relief scheme. These are hereditaments to which: Section 43 (6B) of the Local Government Finance Act 1988 (rural rate relief) applies.</p>	
EXCLUSIONS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Hereditaments occupied for personal uses. Examples of where there may be personal use include private stables and loose boxes, beach huts and moorings. 2. Car parks and parking spaces. 3. Hereditaments with a rateable value of £51,000 or over. <p>In line with the restrictions in the Expanded Retail Discount, billing authorities may not award the grant to themselves, a precepting authority, or a functional body, within the meaning of the Greater London Authority Act 1999.</p> <p>Only one grant may be awarded per hereditament.</p>	
GRANT RECIPIENT	<p>The person who according to the billing authority's records was the ratepayer in respect of the hereditament on the scheme eligibility date. Where the local authority has reason to believe that the information that they hold about the ratepayer on the scheme eligibility date is inaccurate they may withhold or recover the grant and take reasonable steps to identify the correct ratepayer. Local authorities should make clear to recipients that the grant is for the ratepayer and may be liable for recovery if the recipient was not the ratepayer on the eligible day. Landlord and management agents are urged to support local government in quickly identifying the correct ratepayer</p>	
COUNTER FRAUD MEASURES	<p>Any business caught falsifying their records to gain additional grant money will face prosecution and any funding issued will be subject to claw back.</p>	
GRANTS PER BUSINESS	1 per hereditament	1 per unique hereditament
RATING LIST CHANGES	<p>Any changes to the rating list (rateable value or to the hereditament) after the scheme eligibility date including changes which have been backdated to this date should be ignored for the purposes of eligibility. Local authorities are not required to adjust, pay or recover grants where the rating list is subsequently amended retrospectively to the scheme eligibility date.</p>	

RATING LIST CHANGES EXCEPTIONS	<p>In cases where it was factually clear to the local authority on the scheme eligibility date that the rating list was inaccurate on that date, local authorities may withhold the grant and/or award the grant based on their view of who would have been entitled to the grant had the list been accurate.</p> <p>This is entirely at the discretion of the local authority and only intended to prevent manifest errors.</p> <p>Where the local authority chooses to use this discretion then landlords and managing agents are urged to support the local authority in identifying quickly the correct ratepayers.</p>
POST EVENT ASSURANCE	<p>Post payment, the Government Grants Management Function and Counter Fraud Function will support LAs to carry out post event assurance work to identify high risk payments.</p>
MONITORING & REPORTING	<p>Local authorities to retain records of individual payment, as part of their usual processes.</p> <p>Local authorities to provide weekly reports on a) numbers of businesses eligible per scheme, b) number of actual payments and value per scheme.</p>

Annex B – Spotlight

Spotlight is an automated due diligence tool, which is capable of quickly completing initial due diligence checks on large volumes of grant recipients, and provides risked outputs. The tool can process data relating to registered companies and charities. Local Authorities should not rely on Spotlight, it is available to use alongside existing Local Authority anti-fraud and error regimes.

What does Spotlight check?

Spotlight performs the following checks:

- **Companies House:** Registered address; company status; incorporation date; company age; company accounts overdue; company accounts last submitted date; last insolvency; number of directors; registered postcode match.
- **Government Grants Information System (GGIS):** Has awarded grants; number of awarded grants; awarded grants total value.
- **Charity Commission:** Registered address; charity status; charity age; creation date; charity income; income vs grant amount; charity accounts overdue; charity accounts last submitted date; registered postcode match.
- **CASIE:** Has government contracts; total value of contracts; funder; number of contracts.
- **Plagiarism check:** How much of the wording matches the wording of other applications, identifying a risk of plagiarism or duplication.

How does it work?

A spreadsheet of grant recipients is prepared by the Local Authority and uploaded into Spotlight using the provided excel template, it only needs a minimum of three data fields to be used - company name, post code and companies house registration number.

Spotlight checks information against the data sources above and determines the level of risk. Risk factors are highlighted and categorised into 'Red-Amber-Green', enhancing the standard of due-diligence and enabling grant managers to quickly identify recipients who are not suitable for Covid-19 funding, such as those who no longer trade.

Spotlight can assess a large volume of grant information against open source and government datasets, and provide summaries and consideration points to aid decision making. It makes due diligence checks quicker, simpler, and more rigorous.

Spotlight has been designed around user needs and is intuitive to use. Training is not required to use the tool and it will provide direct guidance against each risk indicator. Grant-makers are expected to review the report and interpret the risk results, with support from the Government Grants and Counter Fraud Functions as needed, and perform further checks and investigations where required.

Checks which used to take hours now take minutes, and Spotlight can process thousands of records in bulk, so the time saving is significant.

User benefits

- Perform due diligence and identify risky recipients whilst still delivering the grant at speed.
- Easy to use, with dedicated support available.

- Perform consistent due diligence checks.
- Makes the data available to support quick, easy reporting where required.
- Reduced reputational risk of delivering Covid-19 grant funds.

Support

Please email spotlight-localauthority@cabinetoffice.gov.uk to register for use and for queries and support, including technical support and help interpreting results.

Cabinet Office will contact Local Authorities offering virtual training and workshops to assist in using and interpreting Spotlight.

Annex C – Post-Payment Reporting

Background

1. Local Authorities will be required to report weekly to the department on the following funds:
 - Small Business Grant Fund
 - Retail, Leisure & Hospitality Grant Scheme 2a
 - Retail, Leisure & Hospitality Grant Scheme 2b
2. Reports will cover:
 - Numbers of businesses eligible per scheme
 - Number of actual payments
 - A RAG rating for delivery confidence
 - Issues encountered in implementing the scheme to allow BEIS to support development of solutions with local authorities
3. The return will be completed using the DELTA Reporting system.

Process

4. Local Authorities are required to complete the weekly return by midday Monday, reporting on the previous Monday – Sunday period.
5. Each weekly report will only cover grants provided by Local Authorities to eligible business during the period of the previous week as per paragraph 4. The Cities and Local Growth Unit will consolidate the reports to create an accumulative total and monitor progress against the initial allocation of funding per Local Authority.

Definitions

Total number of eligible businesses	This reflects the number of eligible businesses identified by the Local Authorities to receive funding under each scheme. This figure will be used to determine whether the initial SBGF & RHLGF allocation to the Local Authorities is sufficient to meet the demands of the two schemes.
Total number of grants provided under each scheme	Number of grants paid (in that week) to the eligible businesses identified by the Local Authorities.
Delivery RAG	Local Authorities should rate their delivery confidence using the follow parameters:

	<p>RED Substantial issues in delivering grants to all businesses in a timely manner (50% or more grants at risk of non-delivery or late delivery)</p> <p>AMBER Significant issues in delivering grants to all businesses in a timely manner (25% or more grants at risk of non-delivery or late delivery)</p> <p>GREEN On track to provide all businesses with grants in a timely manner (grants at risks less than 1%)</p>
Expected Date of Completing all payments to Eligible Businesses	Date at which the Local Authorities believes it will have identified and provided grants to all eligible businesses.
Comments	Highlight in this box issues that Local Authorities are encountering while implementing the Schemes.

Annex D – State Aid: Sample Paragraphs that could be included in letters to grant recipients

In response to the Coronavirus, Covid – 19, the Government announced there would be support for small businesses, and businesses in the retail, hospitality and leisure sectors.

This support will take the form of two grant funding schemes, the Small Business Grant Fund and the Retail, Hospitality and Leisure Grant Fund.

Under the Small Business Grant Fund (SBGF) all eligible businesses in England in receipt of Small Business Rates Relief (SBRR) and Rural Rates Relief (RRR) in the business rates system will be eligible for a payment of £10,000. The SBGF is given as de minimis aid under the De Minimis Regulation (COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 1407/2013 of 18 December 2013 on the application of Articles 107 and 108 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union to de minimis aid¹) or Temporary Framework for State aid measures to support the economy in the current COVID-19 outbreak published on 19 March 2020 [delete as applicable].

Under the Retail, Hospitality and Leisure Grant (RHLG) eligible businesses in England in receipt of the Expanded Retail Discount (which covers retail, hospitality and leisure) with a rateable value of less than £51,000 will be eligible for a cash grants of £10,000 or £25,000 per property. The RHLG is given as aid under the Temporary Framework for State aid measures to support the economy in the current COVID-19 outbreak published on 19 March 2020.

These grants are required to comply with the EU law on State Aid.² In this case, this involves returning the attached declaration to this authority if you have received any other de minimis State aid or aid provided under the EU Commission Covid-19 Temporary Framework.

Please complete the de minimis declaration if you receive SBGF on this basis, or the Temporary Framework declaration if you receive RHLG (or SBGF on this basis) and return it to the address above. In terms of declaring previous de minimis aid, we are only interested in public support which is de minimis aid that has been received within the current or previous two financial years (State Aid received under other exemptions or public support which is not State Aid does not need to be declared).

If you have not received any other de minimis State aid, you do not need to complete or return the declaration.

If you wish to refuse to grant funding in relation to the premises to which this bill and letter relates, please complete the attached form and return it to the address above. You do not need to complete the declaration. If you have been offered SBGF as de

¹ https://ec.europa.eu/competition/state_aid/what_is_new/sa_covid19_temporary-framework.pdf

² Further information on State Aid law can be found at <https://www.gov.uk/state-aid>

minimis aid, you can only receive up to €200,000 over a three-year period. If you have been offered RHLG (or SBGF on this basis), you can only receive up to €800,000 under the Temporary Framework (other conditions also apply). This may be particularly relevant to those premises that are part of a large chain, where the cumulative total of grant funding received could exceed these thresholds.

Under the European Commission rules, you must retain this letter for three years from the date on this letter and produce it on any request by the UK public authorities or the European Commission. (You may need to keep this letter longer than three years for other purposes). Furthermore, information on this aid must be supplied to any other public authority or agency asking for information on 'de minimis' aid for the next three years. **'De minimis' declaration**

Dear []

NON-DOMESTIC RATES ACCOUNT NUMBER: _____

The value of the grant payment to be provided to [name of undertaking] by [name of local authority] is £ [] (Euros []).

This award shall comply with the EU law on State aid on the basis that, including this award, [name of undertaking] shall not receive more than €800,000 in total of de minimis aid within the current financial year or the previous two financial years). The de minimis. Regulations 1407/2013 (as published in the Official Journal of the European Union L352 24.12.2013) can be found at:
<http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2013:352:0001:0008:EN:PDF>

Amount of <i>de minimis</i> aid	Date of aid	Organisation providing aid	Nature of aid

I confirm that:

1) I am authorised to sign on behalf of _____ [name of undertaking];
and

2) _____ [name of undertaking] shall not exceed its De minimis threshold by accepting this grant payment.

SIGNATURE:

NAME:

POSITION:

BUSINESS:

ADDRESS:

I confirm that I wish to refuse the grant payment in relation to the above premises.

DATE:

Refusal of Grant form

Name and address of premises	Non-domestic rates account number	Amount of X Discount

I confirm that I wish to refuse grant in relation to the above premises.

I confirm that I am authorised to sign on behalf of _____ [name of undertaking].

SIGNATURE:

NAME:

POSITION:

BUSINESS:

ADDRESS:

DATE:

Annex E: Data for post-payment Requirements

Set out below are some suggested fields of data that local authorities should collect on recipients in order to complete an effective post award assurance on grant payments (and in some cases may be needed to make awards).

Information From Recipient

- Eligibility
- Grant Awarded (£)
- VAT Registration Number
- Company Name (As registered with Companies House).
- Business Name (As registered with Companies House).
- Title of recipient (Liable Person).
- Surname and Forename of recipient (Liable Person).
- Method of Payment
- Bank Account Details (Sort Code and Account Number).
- Business Address(es)

Information From Local Authority Business Rates System

- Business rates account reference
- Business Name (As registered with Companies House).
- Title of Ratepayer (Liable Person).
- Surname and Forename of Ratepayer (Liable Person).
- Small Business Rate Multiplier
- Annual value of Small Business Relief
- SBR Relief Start / Expiry dates
- Rural Relief Flag
- Annual value of Rural Relief
- Rural Relief Start / Expiry dates
- Expanded Retail Discount Scheme
- Annual Value of Expanded Retail Discount
- Expanded Retail Discount Start / Expiry dates
- Billing Address(es)
- Bank Account Details (Sort Code and Account Number).
- Rateable Value